



# Practical Case Study : Optimization of Instruments

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## Learning Objective :

- To study process of surgical instrument tray optimization with a view on getting right instrument for right procedure
- To check on cost benefit of optimization



# Practical Case Study : Optimization of Instruments

- The term Optimize is “to make perfect”.
- It is defined as follows: choosing the best element from some set of available alternatives.
- An art, process, or methodology of making something (a design, system, or decision) as perfect, as functional, as effective as possible.



# Practical Case Study : Optimization of Instruments

Objective:

- To determine variable.
- To quantify response with respect to variables.
- Find out the optimum.



# Practical Case Study : Optimization of Instruments

- In development projects in any industry generally experiments by a series of logical steps, carefully controlling the variables and changing one at a time until satisfactory results are obtained . This is how the optimization should done in any industry.



# Practical Case Study : Optimization of Instruments

- Advantages yield the “best solution” within the domain of study.
- Require fewer experiments to achieve an optimum formulation.
- Can trace and rectify “problem” in a remarkably easier manner.



# Practical Case Study : Optimization of Instruments

Stake Holders :

- CSSD Senior Staff
- Theatre Nurse
- Surgeon





# Practical Case Study : Optimization of Instruments

- Aim – To check the quality and quantity of instruments of sets in circulation thereby optimizing the set
- Goal – To achieve right instrument for right surgery



# Practical Case Study : Optimization of Instruments



- Zeroed Down on the type and number of sets to be checked
- Communicated with all the stake holders
- Deputed a team comprising of senior, middle level and a junior technical staff

# Practical Case Study : Optimization of Instruments

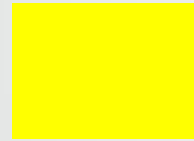


- Out of total 19280 instruments from circulation it was decided to check 11467 instruments belonging to o.t sets as critical instruments.
- The other 7813 instruments were dropped out of check been non critical/ not under purview of CSSD been electrical equipment's/ wards.
- All 11467 instruments were checked in a span of a month without disturbing the surgical process flow.

# Practical Case Study : Optimization of Instruments



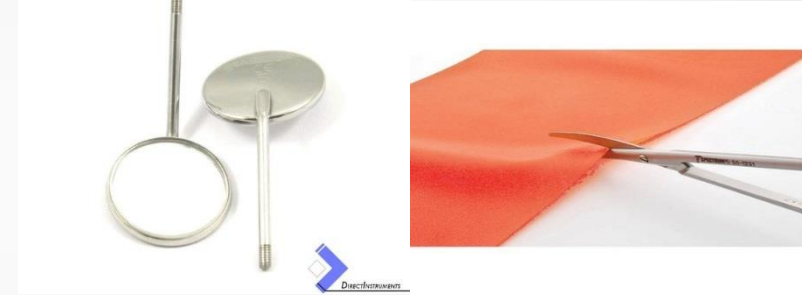
O.K



Repairs



Replacement



# Practical Case Study : Optimization of Instruments



## Results

- 70% of the instruments were found to be o.k
- 18 % of the instruments needed repairs ( sharpening, miss- aligned, wear and tear)
- 12% needed to be replaced

# Optimization



Sr.No	Name of the Set	No. of Sets Prior to Revision	No of Sets Post Revision	Instrument Count - old	Instrument Count - New	Total Instruments	Reduction in Instrument Count	No of terms on reprocessing - Sterilization For 6 Months	Reprocessing in a month
1	Cardiac Thoracotomy	1	1	109	5	5	104	2	1
2	Cardiac Rib Resection	1	0	29	7	7	22	4	
3	Coronary	5	5	33	10	50	23	40	13
4	Embolectomy	1	1	94	6	6	88	1	
5	PDA Set	1	1	13	13	13	0	1	
6	Neonatal Set	1	0	124	9	9	115	4	1
7	Basic Set	13	13	79	57	741	22	126	21
8	Plastic Set	8	8	48	38	304	10	63	11
9	Ear Major Set	3	3	58	52	156	6	18	3
10	Ear Minor Set	3	3	23	23	69	0		
11	General Laparoscopy Set	5	5	67	67	335	0	50	9
12	Gynaec Laparoscopy Set	1	2	70	45	45	25	12	2
13	Neuro General	4	4	202	164	656	38	42	7
14	V.A & VP	1	1	154	151	151	3	8	2
15	Aneurysm	1	1	43	32	32	11	8	2
16	D&C Set	6	6	72	56	336	16	29	5
17	Vascular Set	5	5	31	11	55	20	41	7
18	Sternal Wiring	5	5	17	17	85	0	39	7
19	Dental Extraction Set	2	0	16	0	0	16	8	2
20	Extra Instruments for Dr.Sultan PradhanSetNo I	2	2	9	6		3	12	2
21	Extra Instruments for Dr.Sultan PradhanSet No II	0	1	0	8	8	0	12	2
<b>Total and Average Reprocessing</b>		<b>69</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>1291</b>	<b>777</b>	<b>3063</b>	<b>522</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>5.7059</b>

# Practical Case Study : Optimization of Instruments



Cost Calculations				
Total Number of Instrument Reduced	522			
Average Number of Instruments in a tray	70			
Total Number of trays reduced	8			
Time utilized in different sections		Costing in different work areas		
Work Load		Cost Saving		
Time Required to open the instrument Tray in minutes	5		Total Cost Required to open up the instrument Trays	9760
<b>Time Required to Prepare a tray</b>	15		Total Cost Required to Pack the instrument Tray	29280
Average Salary of the staff in Rs	244		Total Cost of detergent used	288
Total Number of trays	8		Sterilization Cost	1500
Cost of detergent /Liter	1200		Water Cost	50
Per Cycle Detergent use in ml	240		<b>Packaging Cost</b>	400
Cost of Detergent use	288		<b>Grand Total Cost in Rs / processing</b>	<b>41278</b>
One set would need 2 baskets that would go in one cycle. Therefore number of cycles required	8			<b>=784282 AED</b>

# Achievement



- We could get right instrument for right surgery with reduction in cost and improve patient care



References :

[Instrument Management - bbraun.com](https://www.bbraun.com/.../optimization/instrument-management.html)

<https://www.bbraun.com/.../optimization/instrument-management.html>



